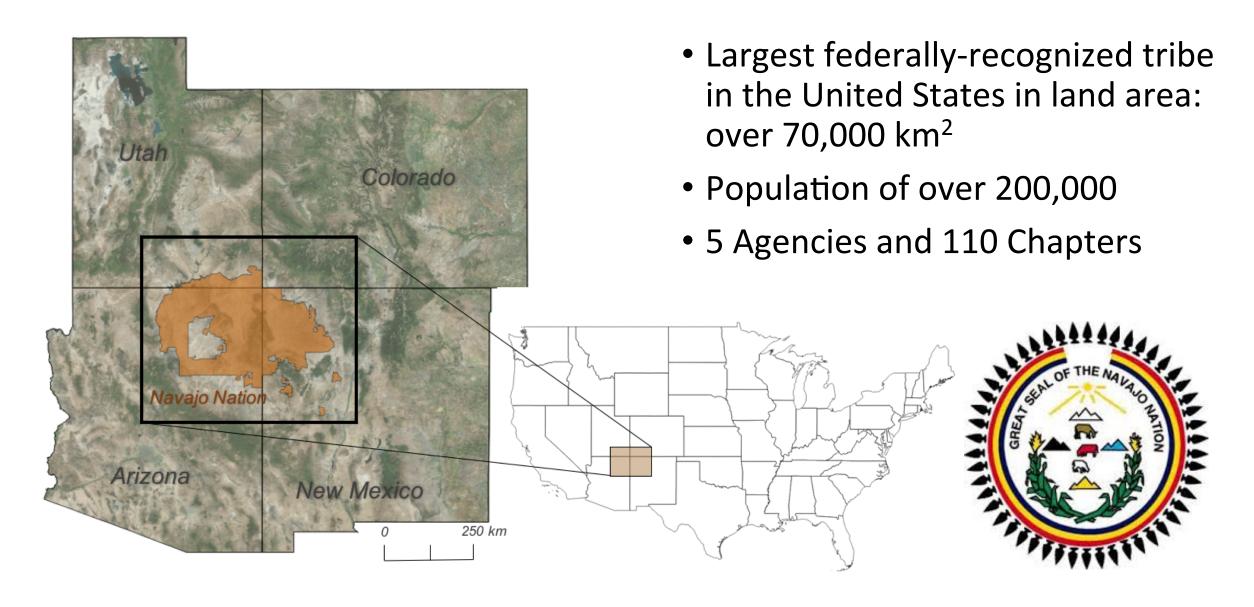


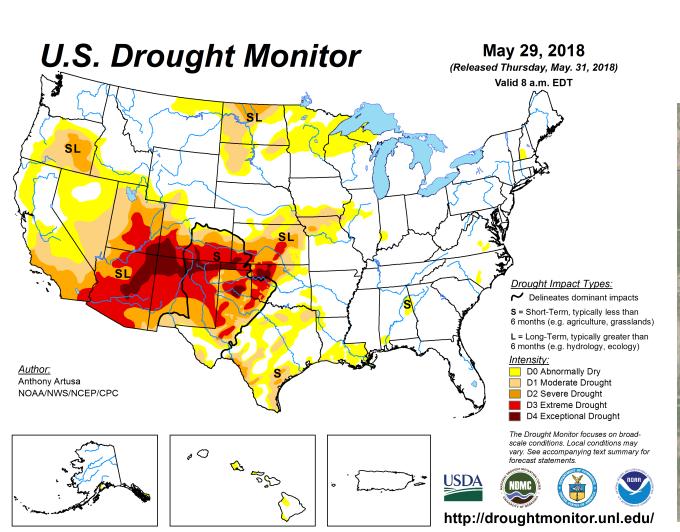
Introduction: The Navajo Nation



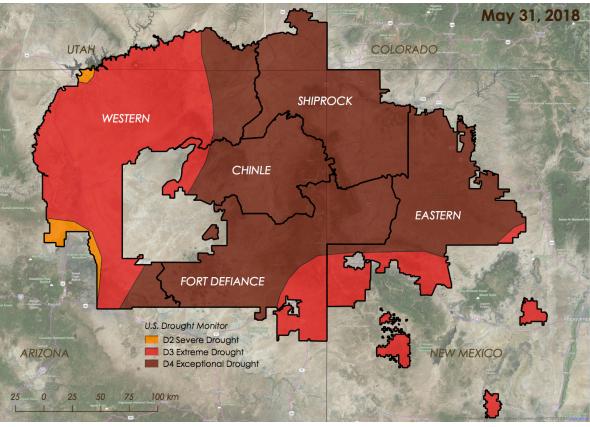


Introduction: Drought





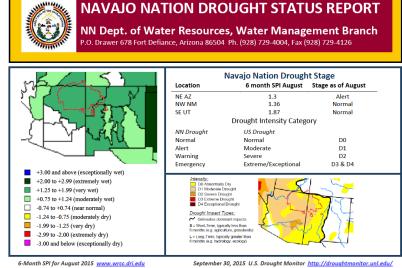
The Navajo Nation: Prone to frequent and pervasive droughts

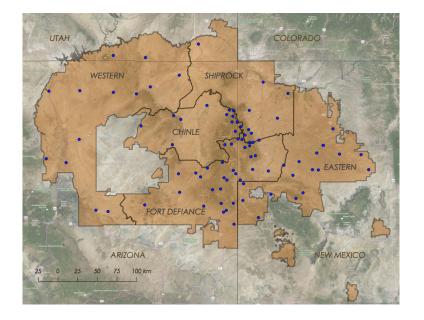


Introduction: Drought Reporting



- Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources (NNDWR) conducts monthly and annual drought assessments
 - Limited in-situ data
 - Coarse spatial resolution of regional drought indicators
- Reports to the Navajo Nation Commission on **Emergency Management (NN CEM)**
 - Drought Contingency Plan
 - Declare drought designation
 - Mitigation and action plans to reduce risk in advance of drought





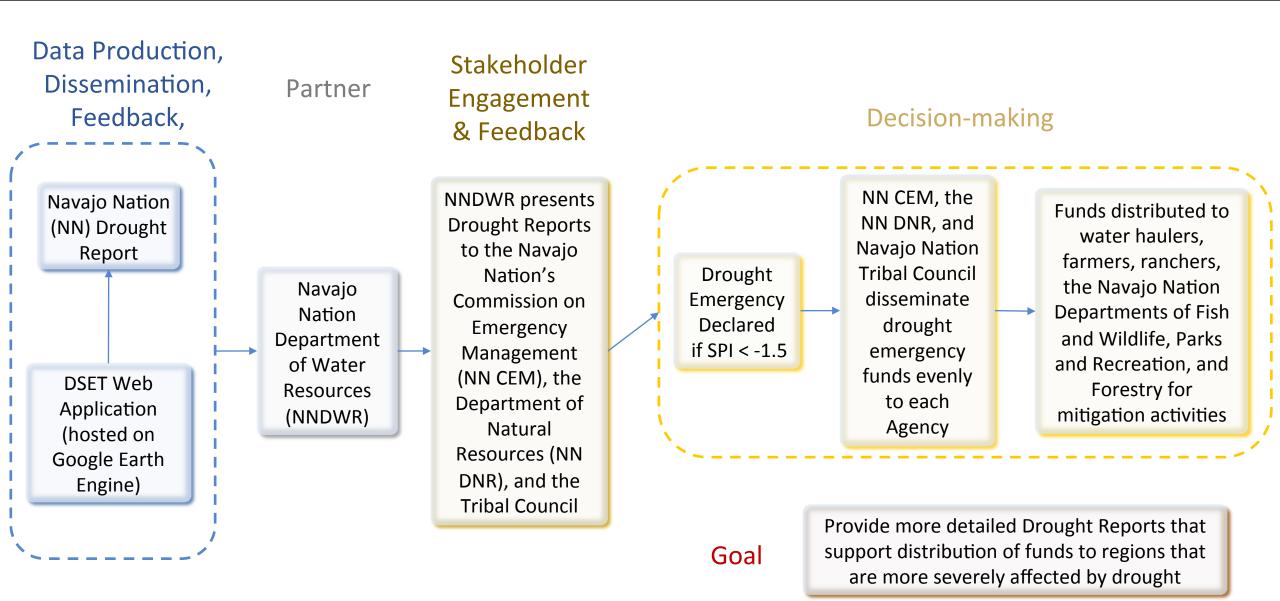
Introduction: Task Overview



Vision	Improve NNDWR drought reporting through Earth Observations and <i>in-situ</i> data within a user-friendly web application
Objectives	 Compare NNDWR in-situ data with remotely sensed and modeled data Create the Drought Severity Evaluation Tool (DSET) as a web-application for the Nation that integrates: (1) integrates precipitation data from multiple sources, (2) generates drought indices, (3) produces maps and time series analyses of drought indicators for administrative boundaries on the Nation
Geographic Domain	The Navajo Nation: In the states of Utah, Arizona, and New Mexico
Project Partner	The Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources (NNDWR)
Decision- Maker(s)	Navajo Nation Commission on Emergency Management (NN CEM), the Navajo Nation Division of Natural Resources (NN DNR), and the Navajo Nation Tribal Council
Decision(s) Targeted	Drought emergency declarations and the dissemination of drought relief funding

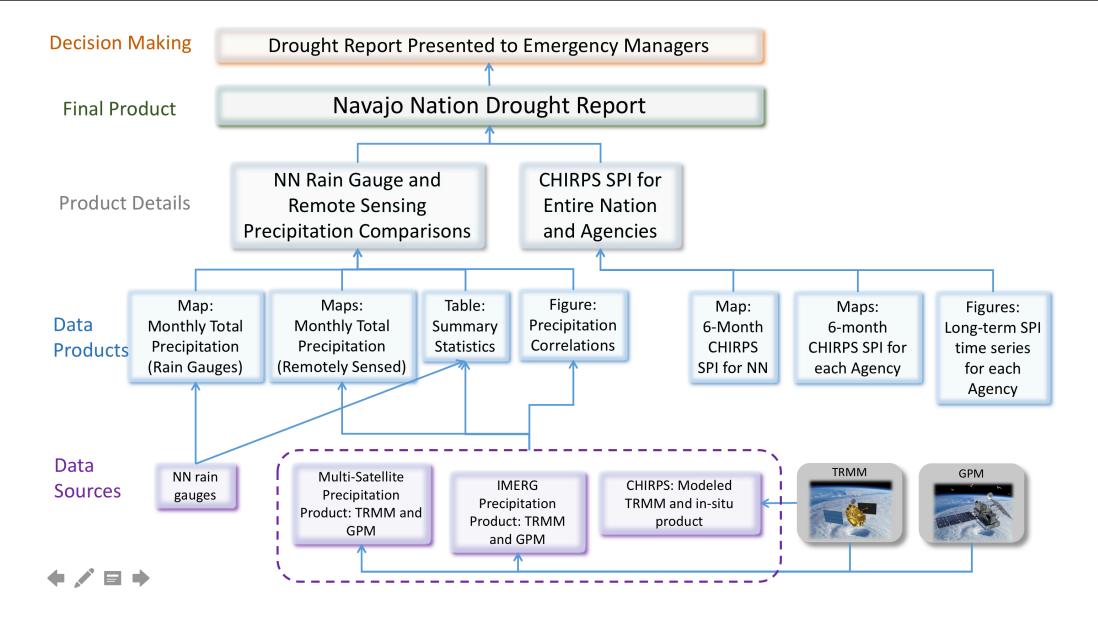
Introduction: Information Flow





Introduction: Product Generation

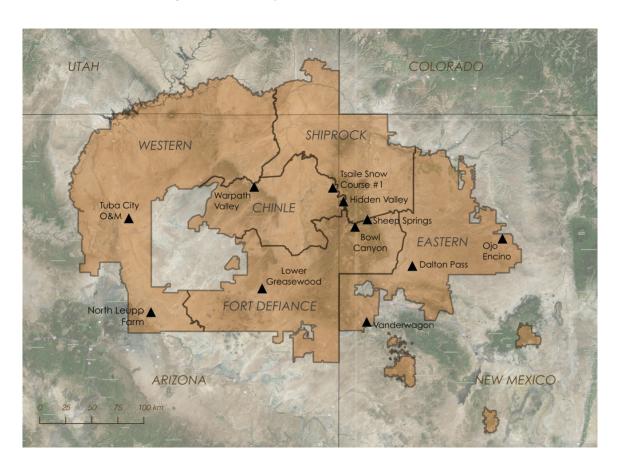




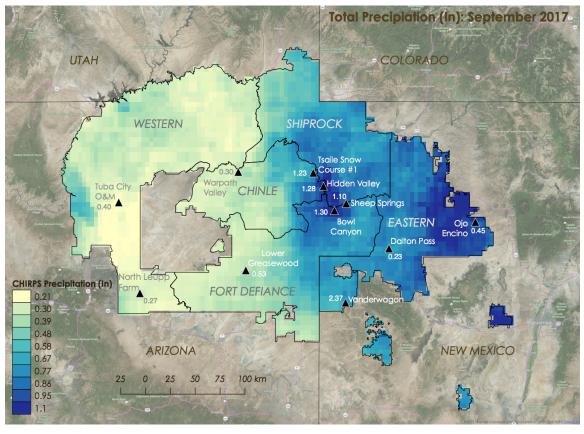
Key Accomplishment Highlight - Technical



- 11 NNDWR rain gauges
 - Down-selected based on record length, consistency, and location
 - Date Range: January 2011-December 2017



- Monthly total precipitation comparisons:
 - NNDWR rain gauges vs. CHIRPS (pixel location)
 - Agencies vs. CHIRPS (average totals for region)
 - Chapters vs. CHIRPS (average totals for region)

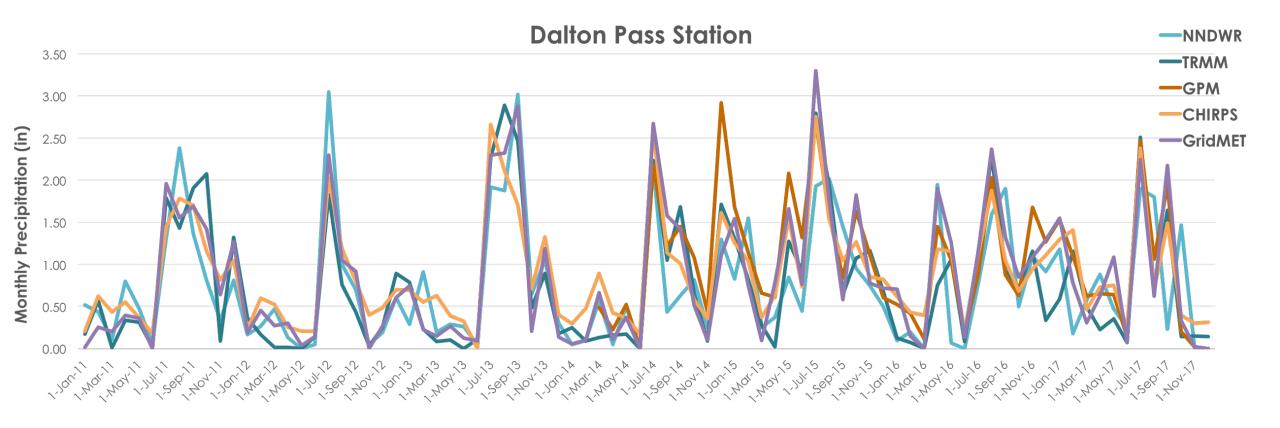


Key Accomplishment Highlight - Technical



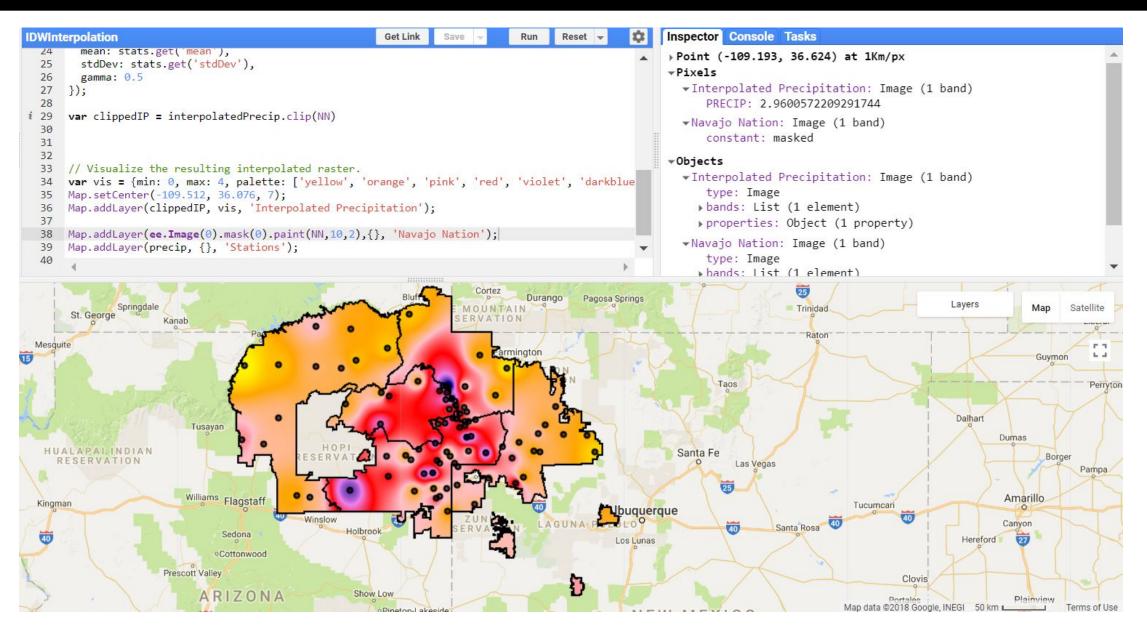
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Key Accomplishment Highlight - Technical





Key Accomplishment Highlight - Stakeholder



- 2 visits with NNDWR
 - Examined rain gauge data collection
 - Obtained rain gauge data for comparison with remote sensing sources
 - Discussed current techniques for comparisons and future ideas
 - Created mock outputs and desired features list for DSET
 - Presented at the New Mexico Geographic Information Council Annual meeting in Albuquerque



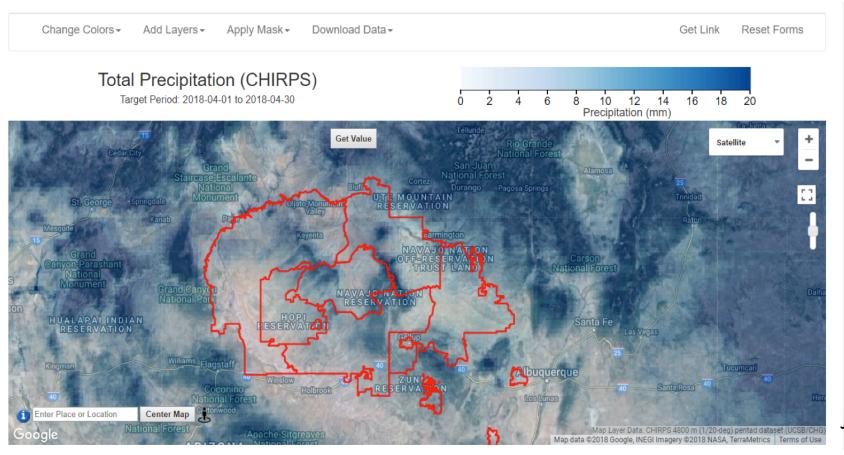




Key Accomplishment Highlight - Transition



 Currently formalizing partnership with the Desert Research Institute (DRI) to create a spin-off page of the Climate Engine Web Application for DSET







Google Earth Engine

Justin Huntington and Britta Daudert

Next Steps and Anticipated Outcomes



- Continue to work with DRI and NNDWR partners
- Continue comparisons of NNDWR rain gauge and remotely-sensed and modeled data
- Integrate NN administrative boundaries and NNDWR rain gauge data into DSET
- Generate 6-month SPI values for NN administrative boundaries using CHIRPS in DSET
- Generate time series of data for drought reporting in DSET
- Beta DSET tool testing and revisions based on partner requests





